Holistic QMSA+CTLS

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The purpose of hQMSA is to describe every very detail of the spectrum



Holistic quantitative QMSA + CTLS (CTLS = Constrained Total-Line-Shape)

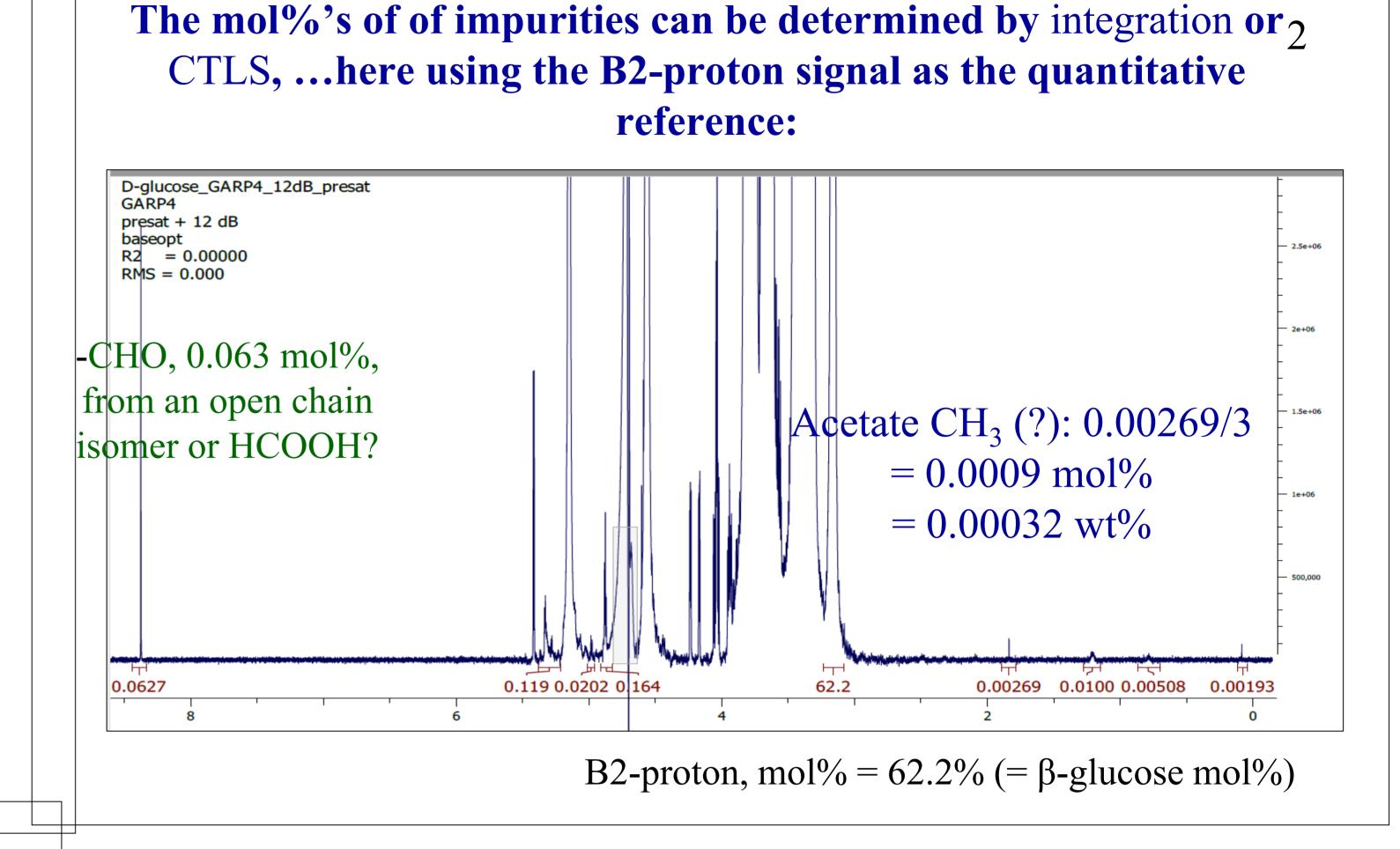
A spectrum data may contain the 5 different type NMR signals:

- 1. Quantum Mechanically modellable signals
- 2. *Xtructures* (singlets, multiplets), like polymer and lipoprotein signals
- 3. *Xpectrals*, like albumin spectrum
- 4. Xpurities, unassigned weak signals
- 5. *Integrals*, none of the above

The common point is that the signal area/nucleus is the same:

Total area = QM + Xtructures + Xpectrals + Xpurities + Integrals

All the species can be handled in one model by ChemAdder!

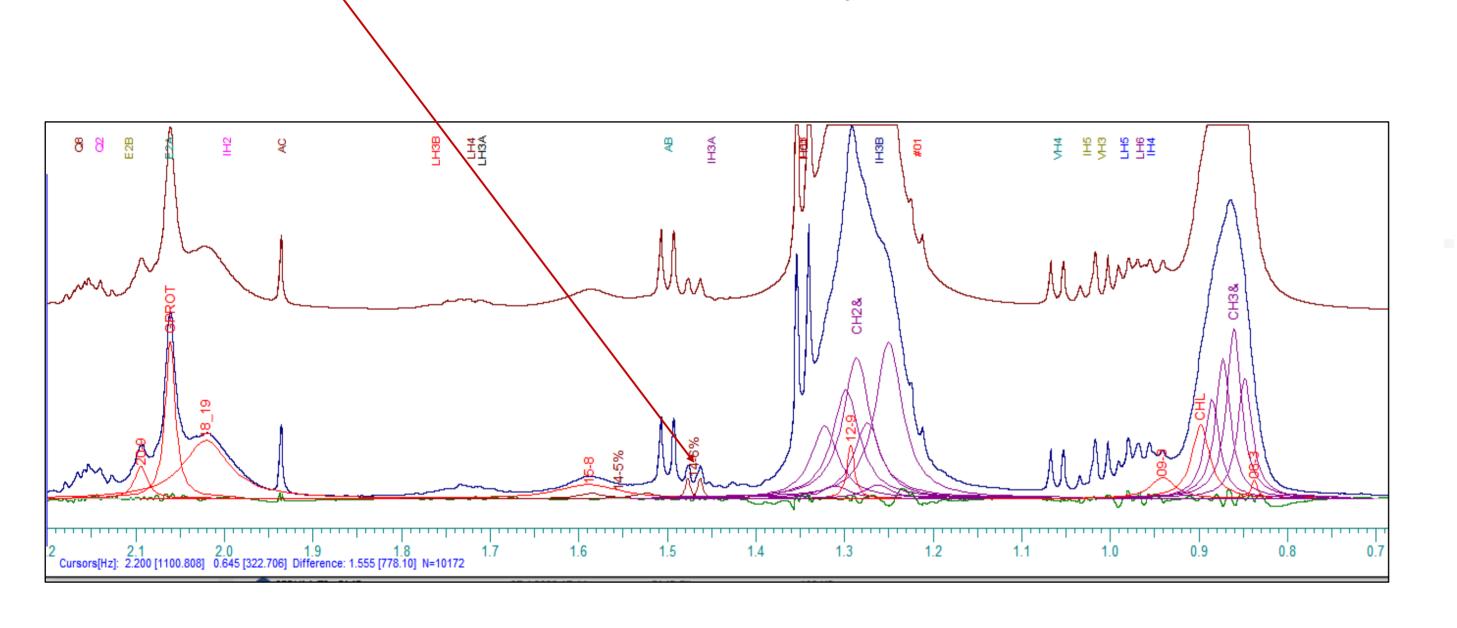


T2 edited serum spectrum with three types of xtructures

• Singlets

• Regular Pascalian (here doublet)

• Multiplets with varying line-intensities, constant line-spacings and line-widths (lipoproteins, CH₂ and CH₃). In the less regular multiplets, either line-spacings, intensities and/or line-widths are allowed to vary.



Biofluids ..XPECTRALS.

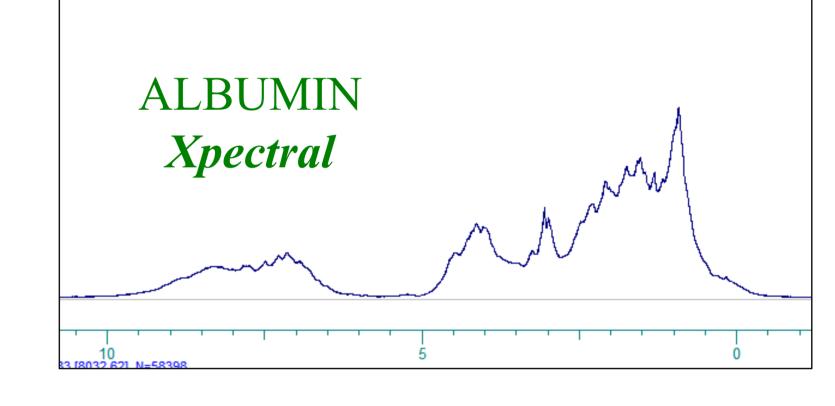
¹H NMR of serum = QM-spectra + Xtructures + Xpectrals **QM-spectra:** glucose and other small molecule metabolites

Xtructures: lipoproteins

Xpectrals: albumin, cholesterol

Spiked QMSA (spkQMSA) ... to confirm assignments of singlets and to

compensate RF bias!



The **spectral xtructures** can be singlets, regular (Pascalian). In the less regular (several options) multiplets, either line-spacings, intensities and/or line-widths are allowed to vary.

QM-spectra + Xtructures + Xpectrals Yields more prove lipoprotein signals? Albumin Cholesterol (Line-Width = 50 Hz)

https://www.chemadder.com



XPURITIES

- A spectrum may contain weak well-defined signals like ¹³C satellites or peaks arising from unknown impurities.
- In not ignored QMSA, the weak signals are added to the baseline and, thus, lead to a positive bias too high a purity!
- The xpurities can be found automatically, added to the model and subtracted from the major spectrum.
- The peak areas give an estimates of the impurity concentrations and more accurate picture about the sample purity.

